A Brief Overview of: Natural Resource Damage Assessments

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Introduction to Natural Resource Damage Assessment (NRDA)

What is NRDA?

A legal process to determine

- Injuries to or lost use of the public's natural resources
- Appropriate amount & type of restoration needed to offset losses
- Goal is to "make public whole" following release of hazardous substances & oil
- Federal, State and Tribal "Trustees" representing the public are required to demonstrate causality between release and resource injury and lost use







Who are the Trustees?



Federal authorities

- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
- United States Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS)

State agencies

- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)
- Texas General Land Office (TGLO)
- Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD)
- **Native American Tribes**



NRDA Laws and Regulations

NRDA Statutory Authorities:

- CERCLA (Superfund)
- Oil Pollution Act of 1990
- Clean Water Act
- National Marine Sanctuaires Act (16 USC 1431 et seq.)
- Park System Resource Protection Act (16 USC 19 JJ)
- Applicable State laws

NRDA Regulatory Authorities:

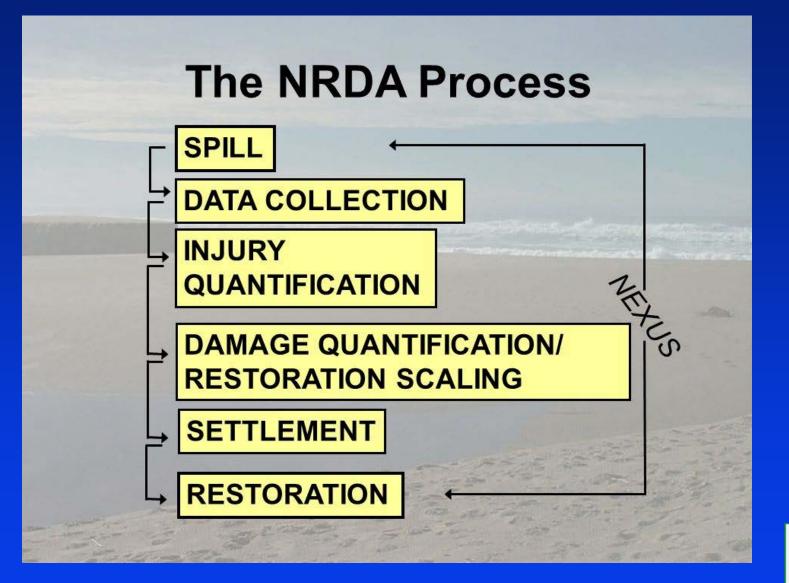
- CERCLA regulations, DOI (43 CFR Part 11)
- OPA regulations, NOAA (15 CFR Part 990)
- National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution
- Contingency Plan (NCP) (40 CFR Part 300)

States may also have NRDA Statutes











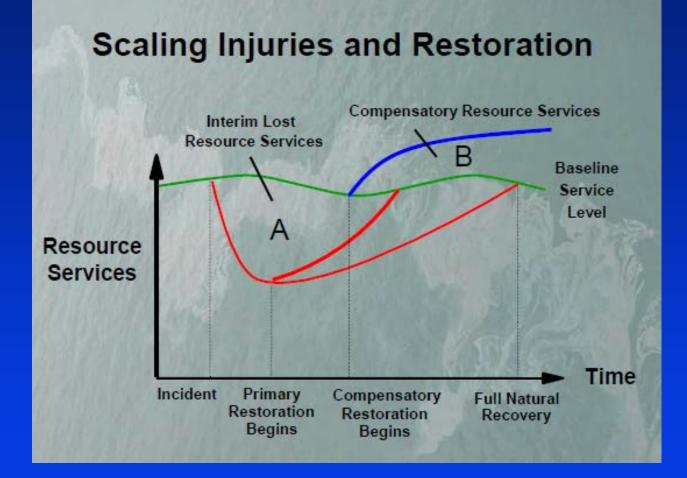
Assessment: What is considered an injury?

"Injury" includes adverse effects on:

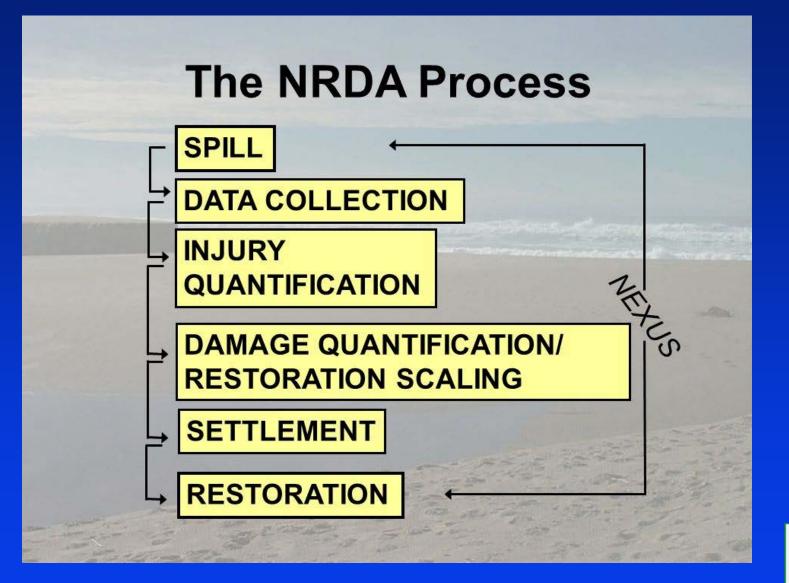
- Survival, growth, and reproduction
- Health, physiology and biological condition
- Behavior
- Community composition
- Ecological processes and services
- Physical and chemical habitat quality or structure
- Public services, such as recreation







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NRDA Process

NRDA is Restoration-Focused

- Purpose is to determine type and amount of restoration needed to compensate the public for injuries to their resources
- Restoration is considered early and throughout the process
- Injuries are balanced against, and directly scaled to restoration

NRDA as a Cooperative Process

- Getting to restoration requires a common vision & coordination with Co-Trustees and the public
- Moves faster if Responsible Party shares the same vision and works cooperatively with the Trustees

NRDA is a Legal Process

- Trustees are required to demonstrate causality between release and resource injury and lost use; sound science is key to success
- Strategy must be encompassing and flexible

